UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-0

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Х

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from_to

Commission File Number: 001-39266

HARBOR CUSTOM DEVELOPMENT, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington

(State of organization)

46-4827436

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Х Х

<u>1201 Pacific Avenue, Suite 1200</u> <u>Tacoma, Washington 98402</u> (Address of principal executive offices)

(253) 649-0636 Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered.
Common Stock	HCDI	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock	HCDIP	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Warrants	HCDIW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Warrants	HCDIZ	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. XYes \Box No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). XYes 🗆 No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large-accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. \square

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	Х	Smaller reporting company
		Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). \Box Yes X No

There are 732,544 shares of common stock outstanding as of May 10, 2023.

Table of Contents

		Page
	PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION	1
Item 1.	Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	1
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	28
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	33
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	34
	PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	34
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	34
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	34
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	34
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	35
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	35
Item 5.	Other Information	35
Item 6.	Exhibits	36
<u>S</u>]	IGNATURES	37

PART I

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)	2
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)	6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	7

HARBOR CUS TOM DEVELOPMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A HARBOR CUSTOM HOMES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
		(Unaudited)			
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	7,689,500	\$ 9,665,300		
Restricted Cash		597,600	597,600		
Accounts Receivable, net		1,239,600	1,707,000		
Notes Receivable, net		2,390,300	4,525,300		
Prepaid Expense and Other Assets		2,451,000	5,318,100		
Real Estate		217,835,900	205,478,200		
Property and Equipment, net		1,950,100	2,289,500		
Right of Use Assets		1,878,000	1,926,100		
Deferred Tax Asset		5,936,800	4,659,300		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	241,968,800	\$ 236,166,400		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	13,781,400	\$ 14,090,700		
Dividends Payable		1,903,700	634,700		
Contract Liabilities		672,200	497,400		
Deferred Revenue		150,300	52,000		
Note Payable - Insurance		237,700	378,500		
Revolving Line of Credit Loan, net of Unamortized Debt Discount of \$0 and \$0.6 million, respectively		22,893,500	24,359,700		
Equipment Loans		1,300	2,057,100		
Finance Leases		—	154,500		
Construction Loans, net of Unamortized Debt Discount of \$1.4 million and \$1.9 million, respectively		122,608,300	107,483,700		
Construction Loans - Related Party, net of Unamortized Debt Discount of \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively		8,127,300	8,122,800		
Right of Use Liabilities		2,719,300	2,779,400		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		173,095,000	 160,610,500		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - SEE NOTE 12					
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred Stock, no par value per share, 10,000,000 shares authorized and 3,799,799 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022		62,912,100	62,912,100		
Common Stock, no par value per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized and 732,245 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and 718,835 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2022		35,704,700	35,704,700		
Additional Paid In Capital		1,349,700	1,266,300		
Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)		(31,092,700)	(24,327,200)		
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		68,873,800	75,555,900		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	241,968,800	\$ 236,166,400		

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. (Amounts rounded to the nearest \$100)

HARBOR CUSTOM DEVELOPMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A HARBOR CUSTOM HOMES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2023		2022	
Sales	\$ 9,181,000	\$	28,581,000	
Cost of Sales	 11,225,400		22,526,300	
Gross Profit (Loss)	(2,044,400)		6,054,700	
Operating Expenses	 2,935,400		3,839,300	
Operating Income (Loss)	(4,979,800)		2,215,400	
Other Income (Expense)				
Interest Expense	(1,207,100)		(124,500)	
Interest Income	72,900		55,000	
Loss on Sale of Equipment	(36,200)		_	
Other Income	10,900		7,900	
Total Other Expense	(1,159,500)		(61,600)	
Income (Loss) Before Income Tax	(6,139,300)		2,153,800	
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(1,277,500)		508,500	
Net Income (Loss)	 (4,861,800)		1,645,300	
Net Loss Attributable to Non-controlling interests	_		(500)	
Preferred Dividends	(1,903,700)		(2,012,500)	
Net Loss Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ (6,765,500)	\$	(366,700)	
Loss Per Share - Basic	\$ (9.39)	\$	(0.56)	
Loss Per Share - Diluted	\$ (9.39)	\$	(0.56)	
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Basic	720,618		660,038	
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Basic Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Diluted	 720,618		660,038	
n ogned menge control ondes outstanding Dideed	 ,			

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. (Amounts rounded to the nearest \$100)

HARBOR CUSTOM DEVELOPMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A HARBOR CUSTOM HOMES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	2023	nded March 31, 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (4,861,800)	\$ 1,645,300
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation	95,000	303,800
Amortization of right of use assets	48,100	195,500
Lease incentives		260,100
Loss on sale of equipment	36,200	—
Provision for loss on contract	23,800	_
Impairment loss on real estate	1,555,800	
Stock compensation	83,400	242,400
Amortization of revolver issuance costs	640,300	45,700
Net change in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	467,300	(63,700)
Contract assets	_	(471,900)
Notes receivable	2,135,000	(10,746,800)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,689,800	691,500
Real estate	(13,149,200)	(6,347,500)
Deferred tax asset	(1,277,500)	(365,100)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(309,500)	5,254,600
Contract liabilities	151,000	
Deferred revenue	98,300	78,200
Payments on right of use liability, net of incentives	(60,100)	(123,200)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 (11,634,100)	(9,401,100)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment		(1,042,600)
Proceeds on the sale of equipment	128,500	(1,0.2,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 128,500	(1,042,600)
	 120,000	(1,012,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Construction loans	17,866,800	6,640,800
Payments on construction loans	(3,002,300)	(6,930,800)
Financing fees construction loans	(224,800)	(577,500)
Related party construction loans	_	3,757,300
Payments on related party construction loans		(3,838,700)
Financing fees related party construction loans	(75,000)	
Revolving line of credit loan		12,038,900
Payments on revolving line of credit loan	(2,106,500)	
Financing fees revolving line of credit loan	-	(1,097,700)
Payments on note payable - insurance	(163,000)	(384,500)
Payments on equipment loans	(2,055,900)	(471,000)
Payments on financing leases	(74,800)	(43,500)
Preferred dividends	(634,700)	(2,012,500)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	 	8,600
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	9,529,800	7,089,400
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH	(1,975,800)	(3,354,300)
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	10,262,900	26,226,800
CASH AND RESERICTED CASH AT BEGINNING OF FERIOD	 , ,	

SUPPLEMENT AL CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Interest paid	\$ 4,235,200	\$ 1,093,800
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 	
Termination of finance leases	\$ 79,700	\$ —
Cancellation of promissory note for earnest money	\$ 200,000	\$ _
Conversion of finance lease to equipment loan	\$ _	\$ 370,100
Amortization of debt discount capitalized	\$ 764,300	\$ 585,900
Financing of insurance	\$ 22,300	\$ _
Dividends declared but not paid	\$ 1,903,700	\$

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. (Amounts rounded to the nearest \$100)

HARBOR CUSTOM DEVELOPMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A HARBOR CUSTOM HOMES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

Preferred Stock

					`	,																										
	Comm	on S	tock	Preferred Stock																	- D,		Pot		- Retained Earnings		Potainad Farnings					
	Shares Issued		No Par	Shares Issued		No Par		Additional aid in Capital		(Accumulated Deficit)	Stoc	kholders' Equity (Deficit)	No	n-Controlling Interest	Total ty(Deficit)																	
Balance, January 1, 2022	657,767	\$	32,122,700	4,016,955	\$	66,507,500	\$	752,700	\$	1,646,500	\$	101,029,400	\$	(1,291,600)	\$ 99,737,800																	
Preferred Stock Dividends										(2,012,500)		(2,012,500)			(2,012,500)																	
Exercise of Stock Options	1,081		10,500					(1,900)				8,600			8,600																	
Stock Compensation Expense	3,011							242,400				242,400			242,400																	
Dissolution of Non-Controlling Interest										(1,292,100)		(1,292,100)		1,292,100	_																	
Net Income (Loss)										1,645,800		1,645,800		(500)	1,645,300																	
Balance, March 31, 2022	661,859	\$	32,133,200	4,016,955	\$	66,507,500	\$	993,200	\$	(12,300)	\$	99,621,600	\$		\$ 99,621,600																	
Balance, January 1, 2023	718,835	\$	35,704,700	3,799,799	\$	62,912,100	\$	1,266,300	\$	(24,327,200)	\$	75,555,900	\$	_	\$ 75,555,900																	
Preferred Stock Dividends										(1,903,700)		(1,903,700)			(1,903,700)																	
Stock Compensation Expense	317							83,400				83,400			83,400																	
Round Up of Shares from Reverse Stock Split	13,093											—																				
Net Loss										(4,861,800)		(4,861,800)			(4,861,800)																	
Balance, March 31, 2023	732,245	\$	35,704,700	3,799,799	\$	62,912,100	\$	1,349,700	\$	(31,092,700)	\$	68,873,800	\$		\$ 68,873,800																	

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. (Amounts rounded to the nearest \$100)

HARBOR CUS TOM DEVELOPMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A HARBOR CUS TOM HOMES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The Company's principal business activity involves acquiring raw land and developed lots for the purpose of building and selling single family and multi-family dwellings in Washington, California, Texas, and Florida.

On August 1, 2019, the Company changed its name from Harbor Custom Homes, Inc. to Harbor Custom Development, Inc.

The Company became an effective filer with the SEC and started trading on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq") on August 28, 2020.

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the following subsidiaries of Harbor Custom Development, Inc. as of the reporting period ending dates as follow:

Names	Dates of Formation Attributable Interest				
		March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Saylor View Estates, LLC*	March 30, 2014	N/A	N/A		
Belfair Apartments, LLC	December 3, 2019	100 %	100 %		
Pacific Ridge CMS, LLC	May 24, 2021	100 %	100 %		
Tanglewilde, LLC	June 25, 2021	100 %	100 %		
HCDI FL CONDO LLC	July 30, 2021	100 %	100 %		
HCDI Mira, LLC	August 31, 2021	100 %	100 %		
HCDI, Bridgeview LLC	October 28, 2021	100 %	100 %		
HCDI Wyndstone, LLC	September 15, 2021	100 %	100 %		
HCDI Semiahmoo, LLC	December 17, 2021	100 %	100 %		
Mills Crossing, LLC	July 21, 2022	100 %	100 %		
Broadmoor Ventures, LLC	August 24, 2022	100 %	100 %		
Winding Lane Estate LLC	November 30, 2022	100 %	100 %		

*Saylor View Estates, LLC was voluntarily dissolved with the State of Washington as of January 20, 2022.

As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the aggregate non-controlling interest was \$0 and \$0, respectively.

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments that are of a normal recurring nature and necessary for the fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

All numbers in the financial statements are rounded to the nearest \$100, except for Earnings (Loss) per Share ("EPS") data, and numbers in the notes to the financial statements are rounded to the nearest million, where appropriate.



Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

Going Concern Uncertainty

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern.

Under ASC 205-40, Company management has the responsibility to evaluate whether conditions and/or events raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to meet its financial obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. As required by this standard, the evaluation shall initially not take into consideration the potential mitigating effects of the Company's plans that have not been fully implemented as of the date the financial statements are issued.

Regarding the first step of this assessment, the Company concluded that under the standards of ASC 205-40, the following conditions raised substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern: during the year ended 2022, the Company failed to maintain compliance with certain financial covenants within its loan agreements requiring loan amendment or covenant waivers; the Company has no borrowing availability under its revolving credit facility; it has significant construction related debt maturing over the next 12 months; it has had significant uses of cash flows from operations over the past two years; it had a \$16.9 million net loss in 2022 and a \$4.9 million net loss for the first quarter of 2023; and the real estate and construction industries are experiencing declining market conditions which have negatively impacted property valuations as well as financing capabilities and terms.

In performing the second step of this assessment, management is required to evaluate whether the Company's plans to mitigate the conditions above alleviate the substantial doubt about the Company's ability to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

The Company has undertaken and completed the following plans and actions to improve its available cash balances, liquidity, and cash generated from operations:

- executed an Amendment to the Revolver Loan Agreement with BankUnited to alleviate the breach of financial covenants and the bank's ability to call the loan;
- has \$36.7 million of sales closed after December 31, 2022 or under contract as of May 10, 2023 and significant additional assets that are held for sale;
- has construction loans in place;
- · has met its equity requirement for its Pacific Ridge, Wyndstone, Meadowscape, and Belfair Phase 1 projects;
- has substantially completed its fee build contracts;
- shut down its quarry operations, eliminated most of its full time employees in its horizontal infrastructure division, and sold a significant majority of its heavy construction
 equipment, all of which were directly or indirectly associated with significant net loss generating activities during the year ended 2022 and the three months ended March
 31, 2023; and
- filed a registration statement with the SEC providing for the sale of common stock and warrants.

Additionally, the Company's future plans include: raising additional funds through the sales of real estate assets; obtaining new debt financing and/or refinancing existing debt; pulling cash out of one or more of its multi-family properties by obtaining a project level equity partner; and/or raising capital in the private or public equity or debt markets. Based on the properties under contract for sale, interest in the Company's available for sale properties, its prior track record of raising capital through issuance of debt or sale of equity, and management's ongoing discussions and negotiations with potential financing partners, management believes it is probable that the Company's plans will be effectively implemented and probable that those plans will mitigate the previously mentioned conditions and events that raised substantial doubt.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the

recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the Company's failure to continue as a going concern.

Stock-Based Compensation

Effective November 19, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors and stockholders approved and adopted the 2018 Incentive and Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan (the "2018 Plan"). The 2018 Plan allows the Administrator (as defined in the 2018 Plan), currently the Compensation Committee, to determine the issuance of incentive stock options and nonqualified stock options to eligible employees and outside directors and consultants of the Company. The Company has 133,784 shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2018 plan.

Effective December 3, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors and stockholders approved and adopted the 2020 Restricted Stock Plan (the "2020 Plan"). The 2020 Plan allows the Administrator, currently the Compensation Committee, to determine the issuance of restricted stock to eligible officers, directors, and key employees. The Company has 135,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2020 plan.

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 718, "Compensation – Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718") which establishes financial accounting and reporting standards for stock-based employee and non-employee compensation. It defines a fair value-based method of accounting for an employee stock option or similar equity instrument.

The Company recognizes all forms of share-based payments, including stock option grants, warrants, and restricted stock grants, at their fair value on the grant date.

Options and warrants are valued using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Grants of share-based payment awards issued to non-employees for services rendered have been recorded at the fair value of the share-based payment. The grants are amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods, which is generally the vesting period. The Company accounts for forfeitures of stock options as they occur. When forfeitures occur, the unvested portion of the previously recognized compensation cost is reversed in the period of the forfeiture.

Stock-based compensation expenses are included in operating expenses in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not grant any share-based awards. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 when computing fair value of share-based awards, the Company has considered the following range of assumptions:

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Risk-free interest rate	%	1.73% - 2.14%
Exercise price	\$—	\$2.00 - \$3.00
Expected life of grants in years	_	3.93 - 6.50
Expected volatility of underlying stock	%	42.39% - 48.13%
Dividends	_	

The expected term is computed using the "simplified method" as permitted under the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 718-10-S99. The Company uses the simplified method to calculate the expected term of share options and similar instruments as the Company does not have sufficient historical exercise data to provide a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the expected term. The share price is the closing price on the date of grant. Expected volatility is based on the historical stock price volatility of comparable companies' common stock as the stock does not have sufficient historical trading activity. Risk free interest rates were obtained from U.S. Treasury rates for the applicable expected terms.

Repurchase of Equity Securities

Share repurchases are recorded to common stock at the value of the cash consideration paid, as the Company's common stock has no par value. These shares were being repurchased for the purpose of constructive retirement. (See Note 15. Stockholders' Equity.)



<u>Reverse Stock Split</u>

On March 6, 2023, the Company effected a 1-for-20 reverse stock split of its issued and outstanding shares of common stock (the "Reverse Stock Split") on the Nasdaq Capital Market. Accordingly, all share and per share data included in these condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been adjusted retroactively to reflect the impact of the Reverse Stock Split.

Earnings (Loss) Per Share ("EPS")

EPS is the amount of earnings attributable to each share of common stock. For convenience, the term is used to refer to either earnings or loss per share. EPS is computed pursuant to topic 260-10-45 of the FASB ASC. Pursuant to ASC Paragraphs 260-10-45-10 through 260-10-45-16, basic EPS shall be computed by dividing income available to common stockholders (the numerator) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding (the denominator) during the period. Income available to common stockholders shall be computed by deducting both the dividends declared in the period on preferred stock (whether or not earned) from income from continuing operations (if that amount appears in the income statement) and also from net income. The computation of diluted EPS is similar to the computation of basic EPS except that the numerator may have to adjust for any dividends and income or loss associated with potentially dilutive securities that are assumed to have resulted in the issuance of shares of common stock had been issued during the period to reflect the potential dilution that could occur from shares of common stock had been issued during the period to reflect the potential dilution that could occur from shares of common stock method is used for stock options, warrants, and RSUs, and the if-converted method is used for convertible preferred stock as prescribed in FASB ASC Topic 260.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in computing basic and diluted net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders per share of common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

		For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2023		2022	
Numerator:					
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	(6,765,500)	\$	(366,700)	
Effect of dilutive securities:		<u> </u>		—	
Diluted net income (loss)	\$	(6,765,500)	\$	(366,700)	
Denominator:					
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		720,618		660,038	
Dilutive securities (a):					
Restricted Stock Awards		—		_	
Options		—			
Warrants		—		_	
Convertible Preferred Stock				—	
Weighted average common shares outstanding and assumed conversion - diluted		720,618		660,038	
Basic net earnings (loss) per common share	<u>\$</u>	(9.39)	\$	(0.56)	
Diluted net earnings (loss) per common share	\$	(9.39)	\$	(0.56)	
(a) - Outstanding anti-dilutive securities excluded:					
Unvested restricted stock awards		11,520		6,375	
Stock options		36,871		23,446	
Warrants to purchase common stock (1)		18,447,564		18,586,859	
Convertible preferred stock (2)		3,799,799		4,016,955	
Warrants to purchase convertible preferred stock (2)		12,000		12,000	

(1) The number of outstanding warrants did not change or split pursuant to the reverse stock split, but the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise will be adjusted based on a 1 to 0.05 ratio. (2) Preferred stock and warrants to purchase convertible preferred stock are convertible into common stock on a 0.2778 to 1 ratio.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For purpose of this disclosure, the fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation. The carrying amount of the Company's short-term financial instruments approximates fair value due to the relatively short period to maturity for these instruments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Restricted Cash

On August 10, 2021, the Company entered into a Letter of Credit ("LOC") agreement with WaFd Bank in the amount of \$0.6 million. The Company signed a lease on October 5, 2021 for a new office space. The landlord of the property, University Street Properties I, LLC, is the beneficiary of the LOC. The amount of funds that cover this LOC were moved by WaFd Bank to a controlled account on August 13, 2021. (See Note 10. Letter of Credit.)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables are reported at the amount the Company expects to collect from outstanding balances. The Company provides for an allowance for credit losses based upon a review of the outstanding accounts receivable, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. The Company determines if receivables are past due based on days outstanding, and amounts are written off when determined to be uncollectible by management. The allowance for credit losses was \$0 as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Notes Receivable

Notes receivables are recorded at amounts due to the Company according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Company's notes receivables are for the sale of real estate properties or financing the development of the properties prior to acquisition and are each secured by the underlying improved real estate properties.

The Company reviews notes receivable for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the note may not be fully recoverable. Impairment is present when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. If management determines an amount to be uncollectible, impairment is measured based on the estimated uncollectible amount less the fair value of the underlying collateral. Impairment is recognized with a valuation allowance against the note receivable with a corresponding charge to bad debt expense under operating expenses. The valuation allowance is written down when the remaining note amount is collected in full. There was no valuation allowance as of March 31, 2023. The valuation allowance was \$1.2 million for notes receivable as of December 31, 2022. (See Note 3. Notes Receivable.)

In March 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note with Rocklin Winding Lane 22, LLC for \$4.8 million ("the note") for the sale of developed lots. In the third quarter of 2022, Rocklin Winding Lane 22, LLC defaulted on the note due to a missed interest payment on June 30, 2022. As a result, the Company issued a letter of default in August 2022 and began foreclosure proceedings on the underlying real estate asset in October 2022. In the third quarter of 2022, the Company recorded a valuation allowance against the note and related bad debt expense within operating expenses of \$0.8 million. In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Company was successful in the foreclosure of the underlying property and took ownership of the property, which was recorded for a fair value of \$5.1 million at the time of repossession. Pursuant to the subordination agreement, the underlying real estate asset had a \$1.0 million senior loan to a third party that was taken over by the Company upon the foreclosure of the property.

Property and Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance and repair charges are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method (after considering their respective estimated residual values) over the estimated useful lives:

Construction Equipment	5-10 years
Leasehold Improvements	The lesser of 10 years or the remaining life of the lease
Furniture and Fixtures	5 years
Computers	3 years
Vehicles	10 years

Real Estate Assets

Real estate assets are recorded at cost, except when real estate assets are acquired that meet the definition of a business combination in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 805, "Business Combinations," where acquired assets are recorded at fair value. Interest, property taxes, insurance, and other incremental costs (including salaries) directly related to a project are capitalized during the construction period of major facilities and land improvements. The capitalization period begins when activities to develop the parcel commence and ends when the asset construction is completed or the asset is sold. The capitalized costs are recorded as part of the asset to which they relate and are expensed when the underlying asset is sold.

The Company capitalized interest from related party borrowings of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company capitalized interest from third-party borrowings of \$2.8 million and \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

12

A property is classified as "held for sale" when all of the following criteria for a plan of sale have been met:

(1) Management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan to sell the property;

(2) The property is available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary;

(3) An active program to locate a buyer and other actions required to complete the plan to sell have been initiated;

(4) The sale of the property is probable and is expected to be completed within one year of the contract date;

(5) The property is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value; and

(6) Actions necessary to complete the plan of sale indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

The real estate assets classified as held for sale were \$54.5 million and \$34.4 million as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

In addition to the annual assessment of potential triggering events in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 360, the Company applies a fair value-based impairment test to the net book value of assets on an annual basis and on an interim basis if certain events or circumstances indicate that an impairment loss may have occurred.

As of March 31, 2023, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$0.8 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.2 million relating to the Pacific Ridge apartments, Dark Horse lots, and Bunker Ranch home, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$1.2 million and \$2.4 million relating to the Winding Lane lots and Pacific Ridge apartments, respectively. These charges are recorded in cost of sales and real estate as presented in Note 5. The Company did not identify any other real estate that qualified for an impairment charge.

Revenue and Cost Recognition

FASB ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"), establishes principles for reporting information about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts to provide goods or services to customers.

In accordance with ASC 606, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of the promised good or service. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled to receive in exchange for these goods or services. The provision of ASC 606 includes a five-step process by which the Company determines revenue recognition, depicting the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts reflecting the payment to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

ASC 606 requires the Company to apply the following steps: (1) identify the contract with the customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when, or as, performance obligations are satisfied.

A detailed breakdown of the five-step process for revenue recognitions is as follows:

Homes, Developed Lots, and Entitled Land

1. Identify the contract with a customer.

The Company signs an agreement with a buyer to purchase the parcel of entitled land, developed lots that have completed infrastructure, or completed homes.

2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract.

Performance obligations of the Company include delivering entitled land, developed lots, and completed homes to the customer, which are required to meet certain specifications outlined in the contract.

3. Determine the transaction price.

The transaction price is fixed and specified in the contract. Any subsequent change orders or price changes are required to be approved by both parties.



4. Allocation of the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract.

The parcel, lots, and homes are separate performance obligations for which the specific price is in the contract.

5. Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company recognizes revenue when title is transferred. The Company does not have any further material performance obligations once title is transferred.

Fee Build

1. Identify the contract with a customer.

The Company signs an agreement with a customer to construct the required infrastructure so that houses can be developed on the lots.

2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract.

Performance obligations of the Company include delivering developed lots which are required to meet certain specifications that are outlined in the contract.

3. Determine the transaction price.

The transaction price is fixed and specified in the contract. Any subsequent change orders or price changes are required to be approved by both parties.

4. Allocation of the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract.

The nature of the industry involves a number of uncertainties that can affect the current state of the contract. Variable considerations are the estimates made due to a contract modification in the contractual service. Change orders, claims, extras, or back charges are common in contractual services activity as a form of variable consideration. If there is going to be a contract modification, judgment by management will need to be made to determine if the variable consideration is enforceable. The following factors are considered in determining if the variable consideration is enforceable:

- 1. The customer's written approval of the scope of the change order;
- 2. Current contract language that indicates clear and enforceable entitlement relating to the change order;
- 3. Separate documentation for the change order costs that are identifiable and reasonable; and
- 4. The Company's experience in negotiating change orders, especially as it relates to the specific type of contract and change order being evaluated.

Once the Company receives a contract, it generates a budget of projected costs for the contract based on the contract price. If the scope of the contract during the contractual period needs to be modified, the Company files a change order. The Company does not continue to perform services until the change modification is agreed upon with documentation by both the Company and the customer. There are few times that claims, extras, or back charges are included in the contract.

If there are multiple performance obligations to the contract, the costs must be allocated appropriately and consistently to each performance obligation. In the Company's experience, usually only one performance obligation is stated per contract. If there are multiple services provided for one customer, the Company has a policy of splitting out the services over multiple contracts.

5. Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company uses the total costs incurred on the project relative to the total expected costs to satisfy the performance obligation. The input method involves measuring the resources consumed, labor hours expended, costs incurred, time lapsed, or machine hours used relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation. Costs incurred prior to actual contract (i.e., design, engineering, procurement of material, etc.) should not be recognized as the Company does not have control of the good/service provided. When the estimate on a contract indicates a loss or claims against costs incurred reduce the likelihood of recoverability of such costs, the Company records the entire estimated loss in the period the loss becomes known. Project contracts typically provide for a schedule of billings or invoices to the customer based on the Company's job to date percentage of completion of specific tasks inherent in the fulfillment of its



performance obligation(s). The schedules for such billings usually do not precisely match the schedule on which costs are incurred. As a result, contract revenue recognized in the statement of operations can and usually does differ from amounts that can be billed or invoiced to the customer at any point during the contract. Amounts by which cumulative contract revenue recognized on a contract as of a given date exceed cumulative billings and unbilled receivables to the customer under the contract are reflected as a current contract asset in the Company's balance sheet. Amounts by which cumulative billings to the customer under a contract as of a given date exceed cumulative contract revenue recognized on the contract would be reflected as a current contract liability in the Company's balance sheet. (See Note 17. Uncompleted Contracts.)

Revenues from contracts with customers are summarized by category as follows for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2023		2022	
Homes	\$	6,049,700	\$	12,274,500	
Developed Lots		2,440,300		9,080,000	
Entitled Land		—		4,480,000	
Fee Build		424,200		2,713,900	
Multi-family		266,800		—	
Construction Materials				32,600	
Total Revenue	\$	9,181,000	\$	28,581,000	

Disaggregation of Revenue from Contracts with Customers:

The following table disaggregates the Company's revenue based on the timing of satisfaction of performance obligations for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2023		2022	
Performance obligations satisfied at a point in time	\$ 8,914,200	\$	25,867,100	
Performance obligations satisfied over time	266,800		2,713,900	
Total Revenue	\$ 9,181,000	\$	28,581,000	

Rental Income

Rental income attributable to residential leases is recorded when due from residents and recognized monthly as it was earned. Residential apartment leases may include lease income related to such items as utility recoveries, parking rent, storage rent and pet rent that the Company treats as a single lease component because the amenities cannot be leased on their own and the timing and pattern of revenue recognition are the same. Leases entered into between a resident and a property for the rental of an apartment unit are generally six months to one year, and typically renewed on a month-to-month basis after the initial term.

Rental income is included as a part of sales on the statement of operations and within the Multi-family segment presented in Note 16. Segments. Rental income was \$0.4 million and \$0 for three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Cost of Sales

Land acquisition costs are typically allocated to each lot based on the size of the lot in relation to the size of the total project. Development costs and capitalized interest are allocated to lots sold based on the same criteria.

Fee build costs are charged to cost of sales as incurred. See the revenue recognition criteria above.

Costs relating to the handling of recycled construction materials and converting items into usable construction materials for resale are charged to cost of sales as incurred.



Advertising

Advertising expenses, which are expensed as incurred and included in operating expenses, were \$0.1 million and \$0.04 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the estimated future tax effects of net operating loss, credit carryforwards, and temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their respective financial reporting amounts measured at the current enacted tax rates. Management applies the criteria established under FASB ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes, to determine whether any valuation allowances are needed each year.

The Company calculated the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023 based on the actual effective tax rate for the year-to-date period compared to the estimate of the annual effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

The Company recognizes a tax benefit for an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities based on the technical merits of the position. There are no uncertain tax positions as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 ("IRA") was signed into law. The IRA includes a 15% Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax ("Corporate AMT") for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. The Company does not expect the Corporate AMT to have a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements. Additionally, the IRA imposes a 1% excise tax on net repurchases of stock by certain publicly traded corporations. The excise tax is imposed on the value of the net stock repurchased or treated as repurchased. The new law will apply to stock repurchases occurring after December 31, 2022. The IRA also extended the federal tax credit for building new energy-efficient homes delivered from January 1, 2022 (retroactively) through December 31, 2032, as well as modifies and increases it starting in 2023. The federal tax credits in 2022 reflected the impact of the extension under the IRA.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On June 16, 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurements of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("ASU 2016-13"), which changes the impairment model for most financial assets. This update is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held by financial institutions and other organizations. The underlying premise of the update is that financial assets measured at amortized cost should be presented at the net amount expected to be collected, through an allowance for credit losses that is deducted from the amortized cost basis. The allowance for credit losses should reflect management's current estimate of credit losses that are expected to occur over the remaining life of a financial asset. The income statement will be effected for the measurement of credit losses for newly recognized financial assets, as well as the expected increases or decreases of expected credit losses that have taken place during the period. Pursuant to ASU No. 2019-10, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), and Leases (Topic 842), ASU 2016-13 is effective for annual and interimperiods beginning after December 15, 2022 for small reporting companies, non-SEC filers, and all other companies. The adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed financial statements.

On March 12, 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (ASC 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. ASC 848 contains optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform. The amendments in this update are elective and apply to all entities, subject to meeting certain criteria, that have contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. The expedients and exceptions provided by the amendments do not apply to contract modifications made and hedging relationships entered into or evaluated after December 31, 2022, except for hedging relationships existing as of December 31, 2022, for which an entity has applied certain optional expedients that are retained through the end of the hedging relationship. In December 2022, ASU 2022-06 was issued which was effective upon issuance, defers the sunset date of this prior guidance from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024, after which entities will no longer be permitted to apply the relief guidance in Topic 848. The adoption of ASU 2020-04 and ASU 2022-06 did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed financial statements.

On May 3, 2021, the FASB released ASU No. 2021-04, Compensation – Earning Per Share (Topic 260), Debt - Modifications and Extinguishments (subtopic 470-50), Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718), Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40), Issuer's Accounting for Certain Modifications or Exchanges of Freestanding



Equity-Classified Written Call Options. The FASB issued this update to clarify and reduce diversity in an issuer's accounting for modifications or exchanges of freestanding equity-classified written call options (for example warrants) that remain equity classified after modification or exchange. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Company adopted ASU 2021-04 on January 1, 2022, however the adoption did not have an impact on the Company's condensed financial statements.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be fully recoverable. Impairment is present when the sum of estimated undiscounted future cash flow expected to result from use of the assets is less than carrying value. If impairment is present, the carrying value of the impaired asset is reduced to its fair value. Fair value is determined based on discounted cash flow or appraised values, depending on the nature of the assets. As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no impairment losses recognized for long-lived assets.

2. CONCENTRATIONS

Cash Concentrations

The Company maintains cash balances at various financial institutions. These balances are secured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. These balances generally exceed the federal insurance limits. Uninsured cash balances were \$6.2 million and \$8.1 million as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Revenue Concentrations

Homes

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, four customers each represented 23%, 24%, 26%, and 27% of the home revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, there was no concentration in relation to the homes revenue segment.

Developed Lots

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, two customers each represented 26% and 34% of the developed lots revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, two customers each represented 62% and 26% of the developed lots revenue.

Entitled Land

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, there was no concentration in relation to entitled land revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, Noffke Homes represented 100% of the entitled land revenue.

Fee Build

Lennar Northwest, Inc. represented 100% of fee build revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

3. NOTES RECEIVABLE

The outstanding balance of notes receivable amounted to \$2.4 million and \$4.5 million at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. These notes arose as financing by the Company for the sale of real estate properties or financing the development of the properties prior to acquisition. These notes are secured by the underlying improved real estate properties and accrue interest at annual rates ranging from 8% to 9%. All payments of principal and interest are due in full between December 1, 2024 and December 20, 2024. Interest income was \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In March 2022, the Company and Noffke Horizon View, LLC entered into a promissory note with a payment in full due on March 31, 2023 of \$3.3 million ("the note") for the sale of land. In March 2023, Noffke Horizon View, LLC notified the Company that they are unable to pay this amount in full by the due date and the Company agreed to settle the note for a reduced amount totaling \$2.1 million. The Company recorded a valuation allowance against the note receivable as of December 31, 2022 and the reduced note amount was fully collected during the quarter ended March 31, 2023.

The details of notes receivables, net of a valuation allowance are as follows:



	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Broadmoor Commons LLC	\$	1,000,300	\$	1,000,300
Modern Homestead LLC		1,390,000		1,445,000
Noffke Horizon View, LLC		_		2,080,000
Total Notes Receivable, Net	\$	2,390,300	\$	4,525,300

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation, and amortization, consisted of the following:

	Ν	larch 31, 2023	 December 31, 2022
Machinery and Equipment	\$	207,500	\$ 505,300
Vehicles		26,200	26,200
Furniture and Fixtures		695,600	695,600
Leasehold Improvements		1,471,300	 1,524,000
Total Fixed Assets		2,400,600	 2,751,100
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(450,500)	 (461,600)
Fixed Assets, Net	\$	1,950,100	\$ 2,289,500

Depreciation expense was \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

5. REAL ESTATE

Real Estate consisted of the following components:

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
Land Held for Development	\$ 44,556	000 \$	47,166,700
Construction in Progress	118,759	100	123,927,300
Held for Sale	54,520	800	34,384,200
Total Real Estate	\$ 217,835	900 \$	205,478,200

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade Accounts Payable	\$ 10,308,400	\$ 11,472,100
Accrued Compensation, Bonuses, and Benefits	716,000	1,130,300
Accrued Quarry Reclamation Costs	564,800	384,700
Retainage Payable	76,500	76,200
Other Accrued Expenses	2,115,700	1,027,400
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 13,781,400	\$ 14,090,700

7. REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT

On March 7, 2022, the Company entered into a senior secured revolving credit facility ("the credit facility") with BankUnited, N.A. (the "Lender") for \$25.0 million. The credit facility had an initial two year term, with a maturity date of March 7, 2024. The unpaid principal bore interest at a fluctuating rate of interest per annum equal to the daily simple secured overnight financing rate (SOFR) plus the applicable margin of 4.75%. The credit facility was used to fund the Company's general working capital needs and interest is expensed as incurred. The credit facility is collateralized by all of the Company's assets wherein the Lender is granted a junior priority interest in all collateralized Company assets that

Lender has previously identified as a permitted lien or other encumbrance that the Company regularly incurs through its ordinary course of business; in all other Company assets, Lender maintains a first priority security interest. The credit facility also contained specific financial covenants. As of December 31, 2022, the Company was not in compliance with the minimum interest coverage ratio requirement and consolidated liquidity covenant.

On February 23, 2023, the Company entered into an amended loan agreement (the "Amendment") with the Lender, whereby the Lender agreed to waive its right to accelerate and declare all of the debt immediately due and owing, based upon the previously disclosed non-compliance with financial covenants resulting in technical default under the loan agreement. Further, the Lender waived the requirement that the Company comply with certain financial covenants through maturity of the debt. These concessions were made as a result of the Company granting the Lender second mortgage positions for certain properties owned by the Company, as well as transferring to the Lender membership certificates pledging certain properties as collateral and perfecting the Lender's security interest in the pledged LLCs. Additionally, the Company agreed to make principal reduction payments including paying the Lender \$0.6 million on the 20th of every month which otherwise would have been paid to preferred shareholders as a dividend on the prefered stock, and pay to the Lender 25% of all net cash proceeds from asset sales, public offerings of any class of stock or debt, private equity recaptures, or any capital raise. The Company also agreed that it will not close on any new projects without the Lender's express written consent and will not repurchase any of its outstanding securities. The aforementioned payments will continue to be made until the earlier of March 7, 2024 or until the loan has been paid in full.

The Company evaluated the Amendment in accordance with ASC 470-50, Debt - Modifications and Extinguishments and applied the borrowing capacity model as it relates to a revolving debt arrangement. Under the Amendment, the Lender is no longer committed and has no further lending obligations to the Company, which reduced the borrowing capacity of available credit to \$0. The Company determined that this modification is considered a partial extinguishment and expensed the remaining unamortized debt discount of \$0.5 million within interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Interest expense was \$1.2 million and \$0.03 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the revolving line of credit loan balance was \$22.9 million and \$25.0 million and the unamortized debt discount balance was \$0 and \$0.6 million, respectively.

8. EQUIPMENT LOANS

Equipment loans consists of the following:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Various notes payable to banks and financial institutions with interest rates varying from 0% to 13.89%, collateralized by equipment with monthly payments ranging from \$400 to \$10,500:	\$ 1,300	\$ 2,057,100
Book value of collateralized equipment:	11,100	11,800
Future equipment loan maturities at March 31, 2023 are as follows:		
<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>		
2023 (nine months)		\$ 1,300
2024		
2025		
2026		 _
Total		\$ 1,300

Interest expense was \$0.001 million and \$0.04 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

9. CONSTRUCTION LOANS

The Company has various construction loans with private individuals and finance companies. The loans are collateralized by specific construction projects. Most loans are generally on one to two year terms but will be extended or refinanced if the project is not completed within one to two years and will be due upon the completion of the project. The loans have



interest ranging from 7.99% to 13.00%. Interest expense and amortization of debt discount are capitalized when incurred and expensed as cost of goods sold when the corresponding property is sold. The loan balances related to third party lenders as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were \$124.0 million and \$109.4 million, respectively. The unamortized debt discounts related to these construction loans as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were \$1.4 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. The book value of collateralized real estate as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was \$205.3 million and \$193.1 million, respectively.

10. LETTER OF CREDIT

The Company entered into a letter of credit agreement with WaFd Bank of \$0.6 million on August 10, 2021. The letter of credit expires February 1, 2032. The interest rate of the letter of credit is Prime plus 1%. The letter of credit has been established for the purpose of collateralizing the Company's new Tacoma office lease obligations with the landlord which is the beneficiary of the letter of credit. (See Note 1. Restricted Cash.)

11. NOTE PAYABLE INSURANCE

The Company purchased Directors & Officers (D&O) insurance on August 28, 2022 for \$0.6 million. A down payment of \$0.1 million was made and the remaining balance was financed over 11 months. The interest rate on the loan is 4.75%. The loan balance as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company is subject to compliance audits by federal, state, and local authorities relating to a variety of regulations including wage and hour laws, taxes, and workers' compensation. There are no significant or pending litigation or regulatory proceedings known at this time.

On June 15, 2020, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement to acquire property for the construction of 33 townhomes located in East Bremerton, Washington for \$2.0 million. This purchase and sale agreement was subsequently rescinded in Q2 2023.

On December 2, 2021, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of 438 acres in Blaine, Washington for \$13.5 million. Closing is expected to take place in Q4 2023.

On April 21, 2022, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the purchase of 4.81 acres in Port Orchard, Washington for \$2.6 million. Closing is expected to take place in Q3 2023.

On November 15, 2022, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the purchase of 15.30 acres in Stanwood, Washington for \$4.6 million. Closing is expected to take place in Q2 2024.

On January 12, 2023, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the sale of the Mills Crossing multi-family development located in Bremerton, Washington for \$14.3 million. Closing is expected to take place in Q2 2023.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Notes Payable

The Company entered into construction loans with Sound Equity, LLC of which Robb Kenyon, a former director and minority shareholder, is a partner. These loans were originated between April 2019 and June 2021; the loans generally have a 12 to 24 month maturity, including those that have been extended. The interest rates range between 7.99% and 11.00%. As of March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the outstanding loan balances were \$8.2 million and \$8.2 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company capitalized loan fees of \$0.1 million and \$0, respectively. These fees are recorded as debt discount and amortized over the life of the loan. The amortization is capitalized to real estate. As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million of remaining unamortized debt discounts, respectively. The interest is capitalized to real estate as incurred and will be expensed to cost of goods sold when the property is sold. During the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred interest of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

Robb Kenyon resigned as a director of the Company on July 8, 2021.

Due to Related Party

The Company previously utilized a quarry to process waste materials from the completion of raw land into sellable/buildable lots. The materials produced by the quarry and sold by the Company to others were subject to a 25% commission payable to SGRE, LLC, which is 100% owned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President. The commission expense was recorded in operating expenses. On March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the commission payable was \$0 and \$0, respectively. The commission expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, was \$0 and \$0.03 million, respectively. The Company is winding up its quarry operations and will no longer incur any commission expenses.

Rental Expense

The Company entered into property management agreements with Olympic Management Company ("OMC"), which is owned and operated by a family member related to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President. OMC serves as a managing agent for leasing and managing the Company's Mills Crossing, Belfair View, Pacific Ridge and Wyndstone multi-family properties. The Company pays management fees to OMC, which consist of service fees of up to \$3,000 per month and \$500 for each lease of a vacant apartment unit. The Company also reimburses the payroll, benefits, and other employment costs relating to an office manager, leasing consultant, and maintenance staff employed by OMC for their time incurred in the operations of the property. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the management fees and payroll and benefits incurred and recorded as rental expense within cost of sales were \$0.2 million and \$0, respectively. Subsequent to March 31, 2023, the Company terminated the agreements with OMC and engaged a third party property management company for leasing and managing the Company's Belfair, Pacific Ridge and Wyndstone multi-family properties. Mills Crossing is currently under contract and will continue to be managed by OMC until it is sold, which is expected to occur in the second quarter of 2023.

14. INCOME TAX

The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was a benefit of 20.8%, compared to 23.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The Company calculated the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023 based on the actual effective tax rate for the year-to-date period compared to the estimate of the annual effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022 is driven by the decrease in blended state tax rates and incentive stock compensation.

15. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 50,000,000 shares of common stock, at no par value per share. At March 31, 2023, the Company has 732,245 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

Each share of common stock has one vote per share for all purposes. Common stock does not provide any preemptive, subscription, or conversion rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions or rights. Common stockholders are not entitled to cumulative voting for purposes of electing members to the Board of Directors.

Preferred Stock

At March 31, 2023, the Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, no par value per share. As of March 31, 2023, the Company has 3,799,799 shares of Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Shares") issued and outstanding. The holders of the Series A Preferred Shares are entitled to receive dividends at \$2,00 per share per annum which are paid monthly in arrears starting June 30, 2021. Beginning on June 9, 2024, the Company may, at its option, redeem the Series A Preferred Shares, in whole or in part, by paying \$25.00 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends to but not including the date of redemption. To the extent declared by the Board of Directors, dividends will be payable not later than 20 days after the end of each calendar month. Dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares will accumulate whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends, and whether or not such dividends are declared by the Board of Directors.

Conversion at Option of Holder. Each Series A Preferred Share, together with accrued but unpaid dividends, is convertible into 0.2778 shares of common stock (subject to adjustment) at any time at the option of the holder.

Dividends

Preferred Stock. The holders of the Series A Preferred Shares are entitled to receive dividends in the amount of \$2.00 per share per annum, which is equivalent to 8% of the \$25.00 liquidation preference per share. The Company has accrued dividends of \$1.9 million as of March 31, 2023. The Company had accrued dividends of \$0.6 million as of December 31, 2022 which were paid to the shareholders on January 20, 2023.

On January 20, 2023, the Board of Directors voted to suspend the cash dividend on the Series A Preferred Stock as announced on a Current Report on Form 8-K on January 25, 2023. On February 23, 2023, as part of the Amendment to the Loan Agreement with BankUnited, the Company agreed to pay \$0.6 million to BankUnited each month, which otherwise would have been paid as a dividend to the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Common Stock. The declaration of any future cash dividends is at the discretion of the board of directors and depends upon the Company's earnings, if any, capital requirements and financial position, general economic conditions, and other pertinent conditions. It is the Company's present intention not to pay any cash dividends on the Company's common stock in the foreseeable future, but rather to reinvest earnings, if any, in business operations.

Repurchase of Equity Securities

On May 10, 2022, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to \$5.0 million worth of shares of common stock. The amount of the repurchase program represented approximately 15% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock valued at the closing price on May 10, 2022. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not repurchase any shares of common stock.

As a part of the amended loan agreement reached with BankUnited, N.A. on February 23, 2023, the Company agreed that it will not repurchase any of its currently outstanding securities.

Reverse Stock Split

On February 17, 2023, the Company held a special meeting of stockholders at which the stockholders approved a proposal to effect a reverse split of its issued and outstanding shares of common stock at a ratio of between 1-for-3 and 1-for-25 (the "Reverse Stock Split"), such ratio to be selected at the sole discretion of the Company's Board without further stockholder action.

On February 27, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of the Reverse Stock Split at a ratio of 1-for-20 shares of the common stock. The Company filed Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation for the Reverse Stock Split with the Washington Secretary of State on March 1, 2023 and the Reverse Stock Split was effected on the Nasdaq Capital Market on March 6, 2023.

As a result of the Reverse Stock Split, every 20 shares of common stock either issued or outstanding immediately prior to the effective time was, automatically and without any action on the part of the respective holders thereof, combined and converted into one share of common stock. The Reverse Stock Split also applied to common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Company's outstanding warants, outstanding stock options, unvested restricted stock awards, stock and stock option plans, and upon the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock. The Reverse Stock Split did not affect the par value of common stock or the shares of common stock authorized to issue under the Articles of Incorporation, as amended. No fractional shares were issued in connection with the Reverse Stock Split. Fractional shares which would otherwise result from the Reverse Stock Split were rounded up to the nearest whole share.

(A) Options

The following is a summary of the Company's option activity:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding – January 1, 2023	37,546	\$ 41.51
Exercisable – January 1, 2023	19,696	\$ 55.55
Granted	—	\$
Exercised	—	\$
Forfeited/Cancelled	(675)	\$ 22.40
Outstanding – March 31, 2023	36,871	\$ 41.86
Exercisable – March 31, 2023	20,488	\$ 55.94

		Options Outstanding		Options Exe	rcisable	_
Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
\$7.99 - \$130.00	36,871	7.66 \$	41.86	20,488	\$ 55.94	Ī

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not issue options to employees. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company issued 1,500 options to employees. The options have an exercise price between \$40.00 and \$41.80 per share, a term of ten years, and vest over one or three years. The options have an aggregated fair value of approximately \$0.03 million that was calculated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based on the assumptions discussed above in Note 1 under *Stock-Based Compensation*.

The Company recognized share-based compensation net of forfeitures related to options of \$0.03 million and \$0.02 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

On March 31, 2023, unrecognized share-based compensation was \$0.2 million.

The intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable options as of March 31, 2023 was \$0. The intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable options as of March 31, 2022 was \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million.

(B) Warrants

The following is a summary of the Company's common stock warrant activity:

	Warrants*	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding – January 1, 2023	18,447,564	\$ 3.47
Exercisable – January 1, 2023	18,380,897	\$ 3.47
Granted	—	\$
Exercised	—	\$
Forfeited/Cancelled		\$
Outstanding – March 31, 2023	18,447,564	\$ 3.47
Exercisable – March 31, 2023	18,389,231	\$ 3.47

*As a result of the Reverse Stock Split, each warrant now entitles the holder to purchase one-twentieth (0.05) of one share of common stock.

	Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exe	rcisable
Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$0.40 - \$7.50	18,447,564	3.43	\$ 3.47	18,389,231	\$ 3.47

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not issue any warrants. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company issued 100,000 warrants in connection with investor relation services being performed. The warrants have an exercise price of \$3.00 per warrant, a term of five years, and vest over three years. The fair value of these warrants is \$0.1 million as of March 31, 2022.

The intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable warrants as of March 31, 2023 was \$0. The intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable warrants as of March 31, 2022 was \$0.04 million.

The following is a summary of the Company's preferred stock warrant activity:

	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding – January 1, 2023	12,000	\$ 24.97
Exercisable – January 1, 2023	12,000	\$ 24.97
Granted	—	\$ —
Exercised	—	\$
Forfeited/Cancelled		\$
Outstanding – March 31, 2023	12,000	\$ 24.97
Exercisable – March 31, 2023	12,000	\$ 24.97

	Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exerc	isable
Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 24.97	12,000	3.19 \$	24.97	12,000 \$	24.97

During the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company did not issue any preferred warrants.

The intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable preferred warrants as of March 31, 2023 was \$0. The intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable preferred warrants as of March 31, 2022 was \$0.

(C) Restricted Stock Plan

The following is a summary of the Company's restricted stock activity:

	Restricted Stock	Weighted Average Fair Value
Non Vested Balance - January 1, 2023	12,000	\$ 38.48
Granted		\$
Vested	480	\$ 45.46
Forfeited/Cancelled	_	\$
Non Vested Balance - March 31, 2023	11,520	\$ 38.19

The Company periodically grants restricted stock awards to the Board of Directors and certain employees pursuant to the 2020 Plan. These typically are awarded by the Compensation Committee at one time and from time to time, to vest over one to three years, unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee.

The Company recognized \$0.05 million and \$0.2 million of share-based compensation during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

On March 31, 2023, there was \$0.3 million of unrecognized compensation related to non-vested restricted stock.

16. SEGMENTS

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 280, Segment Reporting, an operating segment is defined as a component of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available and reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), or decision making group, to evaluate performance and make operating decisions.

The Company identified its CODM group as its three executive officers, the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Operating Officer. In determining the reportable segments, the CODM group considers similar economics and characteristics including product types, construction processes, customer type, regulatory environments, and underlying demand and supply.

The Company's business is organized into five material reportable segments which aggregate 100% of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2023:

- 1) Homes
- 2) Developed Lots 3) Entitled Land
- 4) Multi-family
- 5) Fee Build

The reporting segments follow the same accounting policies used in the preparation of the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. The following represents sales, cost of sales, and gross profit (loss) information for the Company's reportable segments for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 2022			,
Sales by segment				
Homes	\$	6,049,700	\$	12,274,500
Developed lots		2,440,300		9,080,000
Entitled land		—		4,480,000
Multi-family		424,200		—
Fee Build		266,800		2,713,900
Other		_		32,600
Total Sales	\$	9,181,000	\$	28,581,000
Cost of sales by segment				
Homes	\$	5,961,700	\$	10,551,500
Developed lots		3,134,700		8,063,400
Entitled land		90,600		712,900
Multi-family		1,155,100		—
Fee Build		706,700		2,564,800
Other		176,600		633,700
Total Cost of Sales	\$	11,225,400	\$	22,526,300
Gross profit (loss) by segment				
Homes	\$	88,000	\$	1,723,000
Developed lots		(694,400)		1,016,600
Entitled land		(90,600)		3,767,100
Multi-family		(730,900)		—
Fee Build		(439,900)		149,100
Other		(176,600)	_	(601,100)
Total Gross Profit (Loss)	\$	(2,044,400)	\$	6,054,700

The following represents total assets for the Company's reportable segments at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	Ma	rch 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Homes	\$	24,450,200	\$ 29,880,500	
Developed lots		43,740,300	43,469,900	
Entitled land		11,977,500	9,499,600	
Multi-family		141,620,700	131,485,900	
Fee Build		1,197,200	1,703,200	
Unallocated (Shared)		18,982,900	20,127,300	
Total Assets	\$	241,968,800	\$ 236,166,400	

17. UNCOMPLETED CONTRACTS

Costs, estimated earnings, and billings on uncompleted contracts are summarized as follows at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$ 20,112,700	\$ 19,429,800
Estimated loss	 (3,911,200)	(3,495,100)
Costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	16,201,500	15,934,700
Billings to date	 16,690,800	16,273,000
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	—	—
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	(489,300)	(338,300)
Provision for loss on contract	 (182,900)	(159,100)
Contract Liabilities	\$ (672,200)	\$ (497,400)

The contract liabilities were \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The uncollected billings were \$1.2 million and \$1.7 million as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 11, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to rescind its offer for purchase of property for the construction of 33 townhomes located in East Bremerton, Washington for \$2.0 million.

On April 25, 2023, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the sale of 9.64 acres of land located in Port Orchard, Washington for \$11.0 million. Closing is expected to take place in Q2 2023.

On May 1, 2023, the Company entered into an amended purchase and sale agreement for the sale of its Mills Crossing multi-family development. As a part of this amendment, the expected closing date changed from on or before April 28, 2023 to on or before June 16, 2023. The amendment also waived all contingencies and increased the non-refundable earnest money to \$0.4 million and that earnest money has been released to the Company.

On May 11, 2023, the Company announced that Sterling Griffin, Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman of the Board of Directors, will be retiring from all roles with the Company effective July 12, 2023. Mr. Griffin will serve as a non-executive strategic advisor through January 12, 2025. In connection with Mr. Griffin's retirement, the Company and Mr. Griffin entered into a letter agreement on May 11, 2023. Pursuant to the letter agreement, effective July 12, 2023, Mr. Griffin will remain engaged by the Company in a new, non-executive role of Strategic Advisor and provide strategic advisory services as requested by the Board for a period of 18 months ending on January 12, 2025. During such transition period, Mr. Griffin will be paid monthly compensation of \$27,777.77 and may receive performance fees for closing sales of certain specified multifamily projects.

The Board expects to appoint Jeffrey Habersetzer, currently the Chief Operating Officer, General Counsel, and Corporate Secretary of the Company, as Interim Chief Executive Officer and Interim President of the Company, effective as of July 12, 2023, to succeed Mr. Griffin. Terms of an agreement with Mr. Habersetzer will be announced when determined by the Board.

The Company also plans to appoint Lance Brown, currently Chief Financial Officer of the Company, as Interim Chief Operating Officer to succeed Mr. Habersetzer, effective as of July 12, 2023. The terms of Mr. Brown's Employment Agreement will not change other than to add his new title and duties as Chief Operating Officer effective July 12, 2023.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Report") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements may include projections and estimates concerning the timing and success of specific projects and our future construction, revenues, income, cost of sales, expenses, and capital spending. Our forward-looking statements are generally accompanied by words such as "estimate," "project," "predict," "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "potential," "plan," "goal," "foresee," "likely," "target," "may," "should," "could," or other words that convey the uncertainty of future events or outcomes. The forward-looking statements in this Report speak only as of the date of this document and we disclaim any obligation to update these statements unless required by law and we caution you not to rely on them unduly. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and assumptions about future events. While our management considers these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory, and other risks, contingencies, and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. The following factors, among others, may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements:

- our ability to meet our financial obligations as they become due;
- economic changes either nationally or in the markets in which we operate, including declines in employment, volatility of mortgage interest rates, and inflation;
- downturn in the homebuilding industry;
- changes in assumptions used to make industry forecasts;
- volatility and uncertainty in the credit markets and broader financial markets;
 our future operating results and financial condition;
- our future operating results ar
 our business operations;
- changes in our business and investment strategy;
- availability of land to acquire and our ability to acquire such land on favorable terms or at all;
- availability, terms, and deployment of capital;
- shortages of or increased prices for labor, land, or raw materials used in housing construction;
- · delays in land development or home construction resulting from adverse weather conditions or other events outside our control;
- the cost and availability of insurance and surety bonds;
- changes in, or the failure or inability to comply with, governmental laws and regulations;
- the timing of receipt of regulatory approvals and the opening of projects;
- the degree and nature of our competition;
- our leverage and debt service obligations;
- general volatility of the capital markets;
- · availability of qualified personnel and our ability to retain our key personnel;
- our financial performance;
- our expectations regarding the period during which we qualify as an emerging growth company under the JOBS Act; and
- additional factors discussed under Part I Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 (the "Annual Report on Form 10-K") as such factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") which are accessible on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

These forward-looking statements reflect our management's beliefs and views with respect to future events and are based on estimates and assumptions as of the date of this Report and are subject to risks and uncertainties. Moreover, we operate in a very highly competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. Given these uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements contained herein.

You should read this Report and the documents that we reference and have filed as exhibits with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance, and achievements may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements.



The forward-looking statements made in this Report relate only to events as of the date on which such statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements after the date of this Report or to conform such statements to actual results or revised expectations, except as required by law.

Overview

Harbor Custom Development, Inc. is a real estate development company involved in all aspects of the land development cycle, including land acquisition, entitlements, development, construction of project infrastructure, home and apartment building construction, marketing, and sales of various residential projects in Western Washington's Puget Sound region; Sacramento, California; Austin, Texas; and Punta Gorda, Florida.

As a land developer and builder of apartments, and single-family luxury homes, our business strategy is to acquire and develop land strategically based on an understanding of population growth patterns, entitlement restrictions, infrastructure development, and geo-economic forces. We focus on acquiring land with scenic views or convenient access to freeways and public transportation to develop and sell residential lots, new home communities, and multi-story apartment properties within a 20- to 60-minute commute of the nation's fastest-growing metro employment corridors.

Our portfolio of land, lots, home plans, and finishing options, coupled with the low inventory of residential and multi-family housing in our principal geographic areas, provide an opportunity for us to increase revenue and overall market share. In addition to our single-family residential projects, we build and sell townhomes and apartments and have completed or substantially completed construction of several multi-family sites in Washington.

In an effort to strategically manage the expanding needs of our corporate team, we signed a lease on October 5, 2021 for a new office space in Tacoma, Washington and moved our headquarters in April 2022. This office space is designed with a hybrid workforce in mind.

It is customary for us to sign purchase and sale agreements that contain a due diligence period which allows us time, usually between 60 and 120 days, to evaluate the acquisition. However, in many cases, the closing will not occur until the entitlement and permitting processes are complete, which can further extend the due diligence period. At times, through our due diligence efforts, we find that a property is not suitable for purchase due to economic forces, zoning issues, or other matters. If we determine that a property is not suitable for our desired purposes, we terminate the purchase and sale agreement. After termination within the due diligence period, our earnest money is returned to us.

We are a general contractor and construct single-family homes, townhomes, and apartments utilizing a base of employees in conjunction with third-party subcontractors.

As of May 10, 2023, we own or control 21 communities in Washington, Texas, California, and Florida, containing approximately 2,650 lots or units in various stages of development.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 as Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022

The following table sets forth the summary statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

		2023		2022
0.1	¢	0 101 000	¢	29 591 000
Sales	\$	9,181,000	\$	28,581,000
Cost of sales		(11,225,400)	_	(22,526,300)
Gross profit (loss)		(2,044,400)		6,054,700
Operating expenses		(2,935,400)		(3,839,300)
Other expense		(1,159,500)		(61,600)
Income tax benefit (expense)		1,277,500		(508,500)
Net income (loss)	\$	(4,861,800)	\$	1,645,300

Sales

Our sales decreased by 67.9% to \$9.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 as compared to \$28.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Sales decreased in 2023 primarily due to a decrease in the sale of developed lots of \$6.6 million, a decrease in home sales of \$6.2 million, a decrease in the sale of entitled land of \$4.5 million, and a decrease in fee build revenue of \$2.4 million. These decreases were partially offset by \$0.4 million of rental revenues earned from multi-family projects in the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decreases in developed lots, home, and entitled land sales were mainly due to large prior year sales in California and Washington that did not recur in the three months ended March 31, 2023. The fee build revenue continues to decrease as these fee build projects are nearing completion.

Gross Profit

Our overall gross profit (loss) for the quarter decreased by 133.8% to \$(2.0) million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 as compared to \$6.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Gross margin (loss) was (22.3)% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to 21.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The \$8.1 million decrease in gross profit and 43.5% decrease in gross margin were primarily due to the non-recurrence of high margin entitled land sales that occurred in 2022, lower margins on home and developed lot sales in 2023, \$1.6 million of impairment loss on the Pacific Ridge, Darkhorse, and Bunker Ranch properties, and a decrease in fee build gross profit and gross margin due to additional cost overruns to complete our legacy fee build projects that are nearing completion. The entitled land sales in the three months ended March 31, 2022 provided \$3.8 million gross profit dollars at a gross margin of 84.1% which did not recur in the three months ended March 31, 2023. The gross profit for home and developed lot sales, excluding impairment charges, decreased by \$1.5 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, and the related gross margins decreased to 4.2% and approximately break-even, respectively for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses decreased by 23.5% to \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, as compared to \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The \$0.9 million decrease in operating expenses was primarily due to continued efforts to reduce our general and administrative costs. The majority of the savings came from reductions of professional fees, insurance expense, depreciation, and stock compensation expense.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) was \$(1.2) million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 as compared to \$(0.1) million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. This change is primarily due to \$1.2 million of interest expense incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2023, offset by \$0.1 million of interest income incurred. The interest expense increased due to borrowings on the revolving line of credit loan we entered into on March 7, 2022.

Net Income (Loss)

Our net income (loss) decreased by 395.5% to \$(4.9) million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 as compared to \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in net income was primarily attributable to a decrease in revenue and gross margins and increases in cost of sales and operating expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2023, as explained above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our principal uses of capital were operating expenses, land development, single and multi-family construction, the payment of routine liabilities, payments on construction loans and related party construction loans, and financing fees for the revolving line of credit and construction loans. We used funds generated by operations and available borrowings to meet our short-term working capital requirements. We remain focused on generating positive margins in land acquisitions and development operations and home construction operations in order to maintain a strong balance sheet and keep us poised for growth.

We employ both debt and equity as part of our ongoing financing strategy to provide us with the financial flexibility to access capital on the best terms available. In that regard, we employ prudent leverage levels to finance the acquisition and development of our lots and construction of our homes, townhomes, and apartments. Our existing indebtedness is recourse to us and we anticipate that future indebtedness will likewise be recourse.

Our management considers a number of factors when evaluating our level of indebtedness and when making decisions regarding the incurrence of new indebtedness, including the purchase price of assets to be acquired with debt financing, the estimated market value of our assets, and the ability of particular assets, and our company as a whole, to generate cash flow to cover the expected debt service costs. Our governing documents do not contain a limitation on the amount of debt we may incur and our board of directors may change our target debt levels at any time without the approval of our shareholders.

We intend to finance future acquisitions and developments with the most advantageous source of capital available to us at the time of the transaction, which may include a combination of common and preferred equity, secured and unsecured corporate level debt, property level debt and mortgage financing, property level equity, and other public, private, or bank debt.

Real Estate Assets

Our real estate assets increased to \$217.8 million as of March 31, 2023 from \$205.5 million as of December 31, 2022. This increase was due to an increase in development and construction activities for houses and apartments.

BankUnited Loan Restructuring

As previously reported on a Current Report on Form 8-K on October 28, 2022, and as updated on a Current Report on Form 8-K on January 25, 2023, we were working with BankUnited, N.A. ("BankUnited") to restructure our Loan (defined below) after failing to meet two financial covenants of the Loan Agreement (defined below), namely the minimum interest coverage ratio and consolidated liquidity covenants.

As previously reported on a Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 24, 2023, on or about February 23, 2023, we entered into that certain Amendment to the Loan Agreement (the "Amendment") with BankUnited for the restructuring of the Loan Agreement dated March 7, 2022 (the "Loan Agreement"), which consists of a \$22.9 million principal balance (the "Loan") as of March 31, 2023.

Pursuant to the Amendment, BankUnited agreed to:

- i. waive any and all defaults to date in the Loan Agreement;
- ii. waive our future compliance requirements with the financial covenants contained in Article 7 of the Loan Agreement until the Loan is repaid in full and the Loan Agreement terminated; and
- iii. waive its right to accelerate the Loan and receive immediate payments.

In consideration of BankUnited's waivers described above, we agreed that we will:

- Not repurchase any of our currently outstanding securities;
- ii. Not make any dividend payments to our Series A Preferred stockholders but instead pay the amount that would have been paid in dividends to the Series A Preferred stockholders to BankUnited;
- iii. Grant BankUnited a second mortgage on our Winding Lane and Punta Gorda properties and remit to BankUnited 25% of the net proceeds from any sales of such properties;
- iv. Remit to BankUnited 25% of the net proceeds of all asset sales;
- v. Remit to BankUnited 25% of the net proceeds from public offerings of any class of stock or debt, private equity recaptures, and any capital raise;
- vi. Transfer to BankUnited the membership certificates of our subsidiaries, solely as collateral, in order to perfect BankUnited's security interests; and
- vii. Not close on any new projects without BankUnited's express written consent, but we may continue to identify, conduct due diligence, and negotiate the purchase of new projects.

The aforementioned payments will continue to be made until the earlier of: (i) March 7, 2024 or (ii) the Loan has been repaid in full. If we fail to make any of the payments or meet any of the agreed upon conditions, such failure will constitute an event of default under the Loan Agreement. BankUnited has no further lending obligations to us.

Liabilities

Liabilities increased to \$173.1 million as of March 31, 2023 from \$160.6 million as of December 31, 2022. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in our construction loans of \$15.1 million to fund the development of land and

construction of houses and apartments and an increase in our dividends payable of \$1.3 million. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in our equipment loans of \$2.1 million, a decrease in our revolving line of credit loan, net of unamortized debt discount of \$1.5 million, and a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$0.3 million.

Unrestricted Cash Balance

As of March 31, 2023, our unrestricted cash balance was \$7.7 million compared to \$9.7 million as of December 31, 2022.

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$11.6 million as compared to \$9.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in cash used is primarily attributable to an increase in real estate assets of \$6.8 million, a decrease in net income (loss) of \$6.5 million, a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expense of \$5.6 million, and an increase in deferred tax asset of \$0.9 million. This was partially offset by a decrease in notes receivable of \$12.9 million, a decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets of \$2.0 million, and an impairment loss on real estate of \$1.6 million.

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$0.1 million as compared to net cash used of \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, \$1.0 million was used for the furniture, fixtures, and leasehold improvements of the new corporate office and purchase of equipment, which did not occur for the three months ended March 31, 2023. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, there was \$0.1 million of cash proceeds from the sale of equipment related to fee build and quarry projects.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$9.5 million as compared to net cash provided of \$7.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. This increase was primarily caused by an increase in cash provided by construction loans, net of payments of \$15.2 million, a decrease in cash used for preferred dividends of \$1.4 million, and a decrease in financing fees on the revolving line of credit of \$1.1 million. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in cash provided by the revolving line of credit of \$1.2 million, and payment on equipment loans of \$1.6 million.

Cash Resources

Although the expected revenue growth and control of expenses leads management to believe that it is probable that our cash resources will be sufficient to meet our financial obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued, we may require additional funding to finance the growth of our current and expected future operations as well as to achieve our strategic objectives. There can be no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or terms acceptable to us, if at all. In that event, we would be required to change our growth strategy and seek funding on that basis, though there is no guarantee we will be able to do so. (See Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.)

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, financings, or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, also known as "special purpose entities" (SPEs).

Inflation

Our operations can be adversely impacted by inflation, primarily from higher land, financing, labor, material, and construction costs. In addition, inflation can lead to higher mortgage rates which can significantly affect the affordability of mortgage financing to homebuyers, thereby further decreasing demand. While we attempt to pass on cost increases to customers through increased prices, when weak housing market conditions exist, we may be unable to offset cost increases with higher selling prices.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements and related public financial information are based on the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). GAAP requires the use of estimates, assumptions,



judgments, and subjective interpretations of accounting principles that have an impact on the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expense amounts reported. These estimates can also affect supplemental information contained in our external disclosures including information regarding contingencies, risk, and financial condition. We believe our use of estimates and underlying accounting assumptions adhere to GAAP and are consistently applied. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We continue to monitor significant estimates made during the preparation of our financial statements.

Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 of our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

We are an "emerging growth company" as defined in the JOBS Act and we are eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies." These provisions include:

- a requirement to present only two years of audited financial statements and only two years of related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in a public offering registration statement;
- an exemption to provide fewer than five years of selected financial data in a public offering registration statement;
- an exemption from the auditor attestation requirement of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act ("SOX") in the assessment of the emerging growth company's internal control over financial reporting;
- an exemption from the adoption of new or revised financial accounting standards until they would apply to private companies; and
- an exemption from compliance with any new requirements adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board requiring mandatory audit partner rotation or a
 supplement to the auditor's report in which the auditor would be required to provide additional information about the audit and the financial statements of the issuer.

We have elected to adopt the reduced disclosure requirements available to emerging growth companies. As a result of this election, the information that we provide in this Report may be different than the information you may receive from other public companies in which you hold equity interests.

We will cease to be an "emerging growth company" upon the earliest of: (i) the end of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of our initial public offering (December 31, 2025), (ii) the first fiscal year after our annual gross revenues are \$1.235 billion or more, (iii) the date on which we have, during the previous three-year period, issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities or (iv) as of the end of any fiscal year in which the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700 million as of the end of the second quarter of that fiscal year.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We borrow from lenders using financial instruments such as term loans, notes payable, and a revolving credit facility. We utilize both fixed and variable interest rates in these financing operations. Interest incurred from our term loans and notes payables is calculated primarily using a fixed rate, whereas interest incurred from our revolving credit facility is calculated using a variable rate. We do not have the obligation to prepay these prior to maturity, and, as a result, interest rate risk and changes in fair market value should not have a significant impact on our fixed-rate debt.

We are exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on our outstanding revolving line of credit and our construction loans relating to Meadowscape and Bridgeview apartments. The interest rate for our variable rate indebtedness as of March 31, 2023 was equal to the daily simple secured overnight financing rate (SOFR) plus an applicable margin of 4.75% for the line of credit, equal to the SOFR one month rate plus an applicable margin of 7.25% for the Meadowscape construction loan, and equal to the variable prime rate plus an applicable margin of 4.38% for the Bridgeview construction loan. At March 31, 2023, the daily SOFR was 4.87% and one month SOFR was 4.63%. The variable prime rate was 8.00%. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in the interest rate on our variable rate indebtedness would increase our annual interest cost by approximately \$0.2 million for the line of credit and \$0.2 million for the two construction loans, respectively. Based on this, we do not believe that the future interest rate risks related to our existing indebtedness will have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

At March 31, 2023, we had outstanding fixed-rate borrowings net of debt discount and financing fees of approximately \$107.7 million and outstanding variable-rate borrowings net of debt discount and financing fees of approximately \$46.2 million.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Financial Officer performed an evaluation (the "Evaluation") of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to provide a reasonable level of assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on the evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are operating effectively.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the period covered by this Report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not party to any legal proceedings the resolution of which we believe would have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, liquidity, or results of operation. However, we may from time to time after the date of this Report become subject to claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. One or more unfavorable outcomes in any claim or litigation against us could have a material adverse effect for the period in which such claim or litigation is resolved. In addition, regardless of their merits or their ultimate outcomes, such matters are costly, divert management's attention, and may materially adversely affect our reputation, even if favorably resolved.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors we previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

(a) Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

(b) Use of Proceeds from Sales of Securities

None.

(c) Repurchases of Our Equity Securities

2020 Restricted Stock Plan

The following table sets forth the shares of our common stock we acquired during the quarter as a result of the surrender of shares by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted shares of common stock awarded under our 2020 Restricted Stock Plan.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Av	verage Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Program	Shares That May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 1, 2023 - January 31, 2023	6	\$	7.42	6	\$ —
February 1, 2023 - February 28, 2023	153		8.39	153	—
March 1, 2023 - March 31, 2023	6		10.80	6	—
Total	165		_	165	_

www.wata Dollar Value

(1) Represents shares surrendered to us by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising in connection with the vesting of 479 shares of common stock awarded under our 2020 Restricted Stock Plan.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we failed to meet two financial covenants of the Loan Agreement with BankUnited, N.A. (the "Lender"), dated March 7, 2022 (the "Loan"). Under the Loan, we covenanted that we would not allow our Interest Coverage Ratio as of the last day of each fiscal quarter to be less than 2.50 and that we would not allow our Consolidated Liquidity as of the last day of each fiscal quarter to be less than \$5 million. The Interest Coverage Ratio is defined as the ratio of EBITDA for the trailing four quarters to Interest Expense for the trailing four quarters. Consolidated Liquidity is defined as cash and cash equivalents plus marketable securities, plus 30-day short-term receivables minus short-term payables. As of December 31, 2022, we were not in compliance with the minimum interest coverage ratio requirement and consolidated liquidity around the Loan, a failure to maintain the required financial covenants is defined as an "Event of Default." For such Event of Default, the Lender may accelerate all amounts due under the Loan.

On February 23, 2023, we entered into an amended loan agreement (the "Amendment") with the Lender, whereby the Lender agreed to waive its right to accelerate and declare all of the debt immediately due and owing, based upon the previously disclosed non-compliance with financial covenants resulting in technical default under the loan agreement. Further, the Lender waived the requirement that we comply with certain financial covenants through maturity of the debt. These concessions were made as a result of granting the Lender second mortgage positions for certain properties we own, as well as transferring to the Lender membership certificates pledging certain properties as collateral and perfecting the Lender's security interest in the pledged LLCs. Additionally, we agreed to make principal reduction payments including paying the Lender \$0.6 million on the 20th of every month which otherwise would have been paid to preferred shareholders as a dividend on the preferred stock, and pay to the Lender 25% of all net cash proceeds from asset sales, public offerings of any class of stock or debt, private equity recaptures, or any capital raise. We also agreed that we will not close on any new projects without the Lender's express written consent and will not repurchase any of our outstanding securities. The aforementioned payments will continue to be made until the earlier of March 7, 2024 or until the loan has been paid in full.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.



ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description	Form	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed Herewith
10.1	Letter Agreement, dated May 11, 2023, between Harbor Custom Development, Inc. and Sterling Griffin	8-K	10.1	5/11/2023	
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		31.1		Х
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley</u> Act of 2002		31.2		Х
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		32.1		Х
101. INS	XBRL Instance Document				
101. SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				
101. CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document				
101. DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension definition Linkbase Document				
101. LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				
101. PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)				

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

HARBOR CUSTOM DEVELOPMENT, INC.

Date: May 15, 2023	By	/s/ Sterling Griffin
		Sterling Griffin Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)
Date: May 15, 2023	By	/s/ Lance Brown
		Lance Brown Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Sterling Griffin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Harbor Custom Development, Inc. (the registrant);
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions);
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Dated: May 15, 2023

/s/ Sterling Griffin Sterling Griffin Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Lance Brown, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Harbor Custom Development, Inc. (the registrant);
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions);
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Dated: May 15, 2023	/s/ Lance I
	Lance Bro

/s/ Lance Brown Lance Brown Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officers of Harbor Custom Development, Inc., a Washington corporation (the "Company"), each hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 (the "Form 10-Q") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 15, 2023

/s/ Sterling Griffin

Sterling Griffin Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: May 15, 2023

/s/ Lance Brown

Lance Brown Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.